Licensure of Geologists in North Carolina (and elsewhere)

- --Why it's important
- --How to become licensed



North Carolina Board for Licensing of Geologists

The Future Looks Promising for Careers in Geology!

Projected 16% growth in geoscience jobs, 2012-2022,
 Job outlook – Faster growth than average (Bureau of Labor Statistics, Occupational Outlook Handbook).

• "Society needs more geoscientists than there are currently students" (*Environmental Science and Technology* 2010, 44 (2), pp. 550-555)



Why Pursue Licensure?

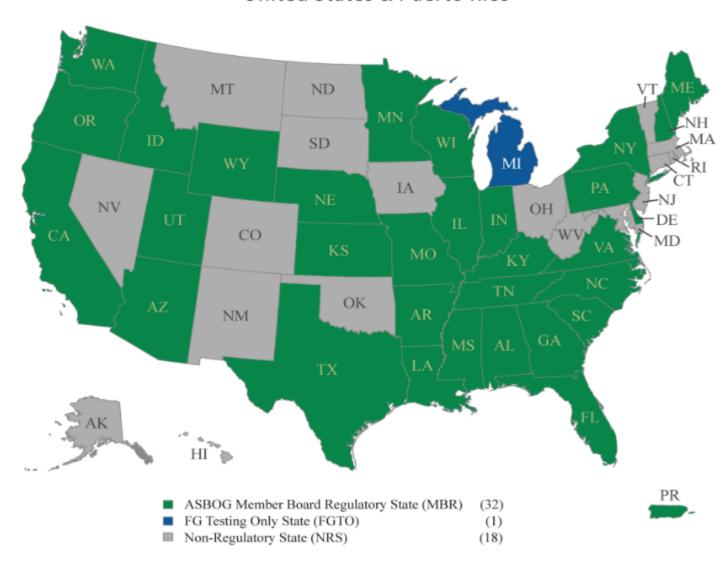
 Required for many positions in > 30 U.S. states, including North Carolina, and Canada

 Impressive professional accomplishment, often associated with pay increase and/or promotion

Can be licensed in other states via reciprocity/comity



United States & Puerto Rico



North Carolina Board for Licensing of Geologists

- Established by the Geologists Licensing Act, NC General Statute 89E in 1985
- Requirements, NCAC 21 Chapter 21
- Professional Code of Conduct for licensed geologists: "...to safeguard the life, health, property and welfare of the public and to establish and maintain a high standard of integrity, skills, and practice in the profession of geology..."



North Carolina Board for Licensing of Geologists

- Offers licensure for North Carolina geologists and corporations engaged in geologic work
- Five members appointed by the governor mining geologist, academic geologist, consulting geologist, corporate geologist, and a non-geologist – plus the State Geologist (ex officio)
- Member, National Association of State Boards of Geology (ASBOG)
- Administers exams for licensure in North Carolina



The Licensing Exam NCBLG administers the ASBOG exam

- Two tests:
 - Fundamentals of Geology (FG) Part I
 - Practice of Geology (PG) Part II
- Each test is multiple-choice
- 4 hours to take each test
- Exams given in March and October

Fundamentals of Geology Exam – FG

Minimum Requirements to Apply:

 Graduation from college or university with a degree in geology or have completed 30 credit hours in geology, of which 24 are advanced level.

• FG should be taken immediately after graduation.



Practice of Geology Exam – PG Minimum Requirements to Apply:

- FG requirements **PLUS**:
- Three years of geological experience after graduation. A master's degree in geology fulfills two years of the experience requirement.
- Job-experience verification is required.
- Five references from geologists or professional engineers.



How to Apply

- Application instructions available on NCBLG website (http://www.ncblg.org)
- Be aware of deadlines for submittal deadline to order for March 15, 2019 exam is January 25, 2019, but first you must be approved by the Board to take the exam. The one-time application fee is \$55.
- The board reviews submitted applications and approves candidates to take the exam.
- Exams given in March and October at the McKimmon Center.
- Parts I (\$230) and II (\$280) both given each time; candidates can take one or both on a given day.

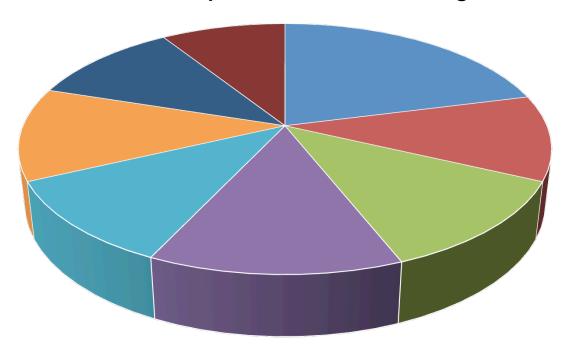


The Licensing Exam –What's On It?

- Content Based on ASBOG Task Analysis Survey:
 - Conducted every 5 years; most recent TAS 2015
 - Surveys academic and professional geologists in the U.S. and Canada
 - Rates importance of 43 geologic tasks in a series of 'domain areas' for protecting the general public
 - Includes ethics issues faced by geologists
- FG focus: information gained in an academic setting
- PG focus: skills/knowledge applied in work setting



ASBOG® Task Analysis 2015 FG Test Blueprint -- Domain Percentages

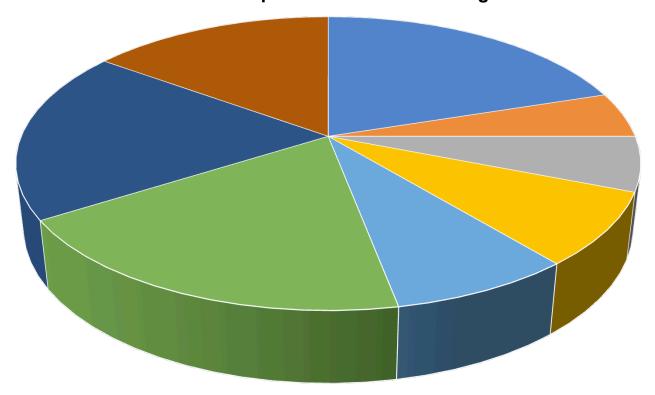


- A. General and Field Geology, 21%
- B. Mineralogy, Petrology, and Geochemistry, 11%
- C. Sedimentology, Stratigraphy, and Paleontology, 12%
- D. Geomorphology, Surficial Processes, and Quaternary Geology, 13%
- E. Structure, Tectonics, and Seismology, 11%
- F. Hydrogeology, 12%
- G. Engineering Geology, 11%
- H. Economic and Resources Geology, 9%

From FG to PG

	FG	PG	Delta
General and Field Geology	21	20	-1%
Mineralogy, Petrology, and Geochemistry	11	5	-6%
Sedimentology, Stratigraphy, and Paleontology	12	6	-6%
Geomorphology, Surficial Processes, and Quaternary Geology	13	8	-5%
Structure, Tectonics, and Seismology	11	8	-3%
Hydrogeology	12	19	7%
Engineering Geology	11	19	8%
Economic and Resources Geology	9	15	6%
	100	100	

ASBOG® Task Analysis 2015 PG Test Blueprint -- Domain Percentages



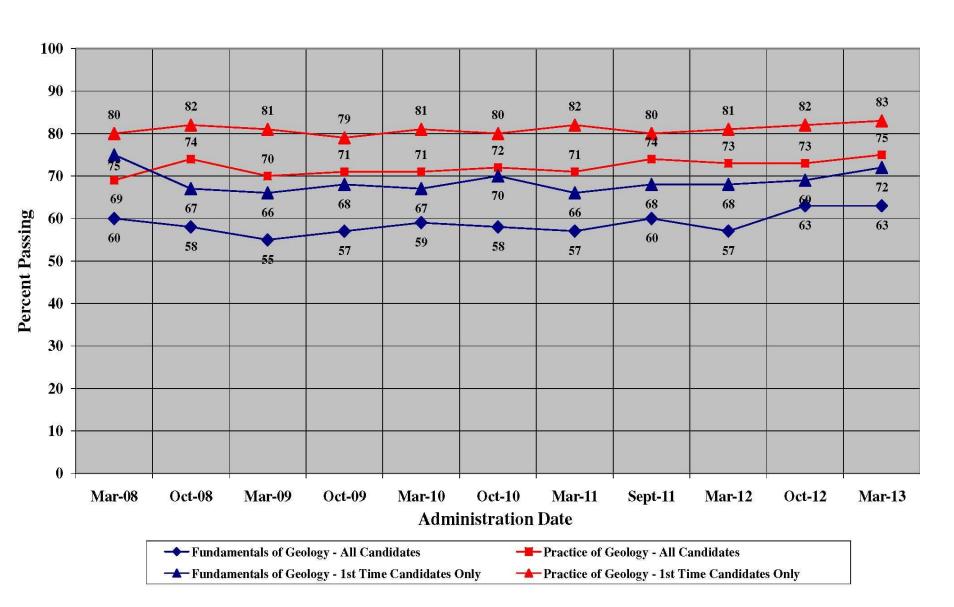
- A. General and Field Geology, 20%
- B. Mineralogy, Petrology, and Geochemistry, 5%
- C. Sedimentology, Stratigraphy, and Paleontology, 6%
- D. Geomorphology, Surficial Processes, and Quaternary Geology, 8%
- E. Structure, Tectonics, and Seismology, 8%
- F. Hydrogeology, 19%
- G. Engineering Geology, 19%
- H. Economic and Resources Geology,15%

The Licensing Exam —Tips for Preparation

- Take the FG as soon as feasible
- Download ASBOG's Candidate Handbook at www.asbog.org:
 - Detailed instructions for taking the exam
 - Information on the exam blueprints and topics
 - Sample questions
- REVIEW!
- http://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.aegweb.org/resource/resmgr/ Additional_Resources/asbog_study_hints_0812.pdf
- ASBOG data show that first-time candidates perform better than return candidates:



Figure 2
ASBOG® FG & PG Examinations
Passing Rates by Administration
1st Time Candidates vs. All Candidates
(March 2008 - March 2013)



Information Resources:

- North Carolina Board for Licensing of Geologists
 - Board Executive Director, Barbara Geiger at Upton Associates
 - > 3733 Benson Dr., Raleigh NC 27609
 - **>** 919-850-9669
 - http://www.ncblg.org
- National Association of State Boards of Geology (ASBOG) http://www.asbog.org



Licensure of Geologists in NC

Questions?

